

Notes : Disguise Masking



The reason for good masking is to hide and to render parts of the body invisible to an adversary. Exposed skin with light color is clearly visible on the ground. Therefore, all exposed areas should be closed by makeup. On the parts of the body that are normally in the shade, apply light make-up, pay attention to projecting parts, which usually shine in the sun (the nose, chin) - dark make-up.

You must choose a makeup pattern that is indistinguishable from the surrounding countryside. Therefore for use of combat in the forest - makeup using shades of green, the area used for snow white and gray make-up battle, and are ideal for the desert sand color and light brown color. According to the same principles selected and camouflage overalls.

There are various options for facial images, the most common large

patches and asymmetric bars. The best option is a combination of spots and stripes. A camouflage suit completes the picture, transforming human invisibility.

Clothing for masking

In order to best merge with the surrounding area, it is best to choose clothes of camouflage Ghillie. Sometimes you can hear the suit called differently - Goblin, as the man wearing it really is like evil spirits. Har. Har.

"Gilly" is a camouflage clothing (uniform) or upper mantle-type military cape, on to which are attached pieces of shapeless shaggy camouflage fabrics. First strips of cloth are folded in half and then sewn on the suit - on the shoulders, arms, back. Then cut into pieces to suit in order to achieve a "vegetable" appearance. Because of this similarity with wild plants the suit has received another name - "fright."

For wearing while in deciduous and mixed forests there is another suit - "Shaman", which mimics the leaves of the forest and provides excellent camouflage. Making this suit is so complex that really it can only be done in the factory.

Sometimes the camouflage cloak is supplemented by a grid-veil, which is sewn into the back of the neck and is used as a cover of the head and the optical sight. This grid allows freedom of movement of hands and covers release liner. Any blanket draped over the head should be lowered to the level of the stomach or belt fastening the clothing, so to achieve camouflage that renders invisible the outline of the head. However, when walking you must discard the veil so to have a good overview and not to restrict the movement of the arms.

A sniper camouflage cloak does not entirely create the effect of being invisible; therefore it is necessary to make use of natural shelters and benefits areas. The suit should have a small loop in which to insert tufts of grass, twigs and other natural vegetation of the area.

Note: Since such a suit is very noticeable against the background of the usual uniform, it will stand out at in the group, and make you the first target of the enemy sniper. Therefore, such a suit is only worn alone.

Disguise of one's weapons

The weapon is one of the most important objects that need to be camouflaged. Disguised weapons should be neat and easy, as the wrong camouflage can adversely affect the purity of the survey on the quality of the trunk. Similarly, it should be applied so to mask the sight.

First, on the scope, the butt and strap should wear camouflage net. Then, on top of the first grid is put on the disguise (finish). Hiding things is to give them color, the most similar to the color of the surrounding countryside.

Thus, the barrel and the butt are often painted in green, brown or white, according to the area in which to work. So to sling and not make sounds while moving, wrapped with cloth.

Weapons and equipment should be thoroughly customized, so they do not make sounds while in motion. To shine optical instruments not of normal issue, you need special sunshield, which put on a scope or binocular lenses. From inside the visors are stained black from the outside - in the color area.

Masking devices observations

Gloss optical lens observation devices are an important telltale sign, as the reflection of light from the windows may issue a conditional enemy sniper position. Therefore, a careful concealment of observation devices is necessary.

Masking binoculars is as follows. It is wrapped with a grid so to blur its specific shape. And as glass binoculars tend to reflect light, on to these fasten a protective shade canopy.

It should be noted that masking sight binoculars includes not only the shading of glass and preventing the reflection of light by them. Wrap them with mesh or light fabric, so to give them the features, unlike their usual shape. Thus, eliminated telltale signs, and then masking becomes effective.

Camouflage uniforms and equipment

Successful action requires a well-designed sniper camouflage. For equipment of fabric can be dyed, tie masking the trim or attaching a

ready-made grid to finish. Above the backpack is worn mesh, the ends of which communicate the top and bottom. Then attach the trim to the grid pieces of fabric, twigs, tufts of grass to blur the contours of the knapsack.

Although camouflage uniforms with the help of natural vegetation is very effective, do not get carried away, as twigs and grass can be very noisy on the move and can attract unwanted attention.

Disguise of weapons is mandatory. Your clear outline and expressive colors stand out among the natural forms, so it is best to apply the shaggy camouflage. Thus, the trunk wrapped with a tape of the x / cotton fabric, lined with scraps of camouflage netting. Synthetics melts are not suitable for camouflage.

When disguising wooden and metal parts, disguise everything that differs sharply from the wildlife. Tape tie, since there is no other way to secure the immobility and you cannot provide camouflage tape on the barrel.

At the sight of you must put on a specially prepared shaggy case that is made of rubberized fabric and sheathe scraps of canvas or camouflage nets.

Similarly camouflage butt to pull that particular case. Case to be very tight, and not to move during firing.

Wearing of a shaggy mask is also a good protection against mosquitoes and throws the same shaggy cape.

Hiding in the various geographical conditions

Even the best camouflage suit cannot be universal, apply for all occasions, in all seasons and in all areas. It has the features summer and winter camouflage, disguise for deserts and forests.

Therefore, before you carry out the operation, you must first study the terrain, the color of its soil characteristics and flora, the nature of the foliage, the presence / absence of folds in the terrain, etc. A careful study of the terrain will be the reason that your masking will become virtually indistinguishable from the surrounding background.

In areas where a lot of snow has fallen or lies in a wooded area with

snow-covered bushes, use white camouflage cloaks. If there is no snow on the bushes, and it just lies on the ground, the suit must be a sniper two-tone which means the bottom shall be white, and the top - a brownish-gray. For snow-covered terrain it is best to choose a camouflage cloak with a hood, and take with you the equipment in whole or in stripes painted white.

In areas covered with snow, the night is almost as bright as day, so a sniper (you) can move at any time, but only on hidden paths, but taking care that your disguise is at the highest level of efficiency. In the case where the firing position is chosen well, your camouflage cloak can be virtually invisible.

Hiding in the forest, too, has its own specifics. The main requirement for masking such conditions - is the maximum similarity with real wood. For woodland a perfectly shaggy camouflage, called Gilly (from English Ghillie). As said earlier not for want of repeating, this is called camouflage Goblin or "fright".

In deciduous forests has been successfully applied camouflage "Shaman". The disadvantage of such a suit can be considered its narrow specialization, ie. While in other areas "Shaman" is not as effective at masking a sniper, however, even becoming noticeable, such a suit does not look like a man.

In the desert, camouflage fabric is not a strict requirement. However, the color of the suit must be chosen so that the outline of the body on the ground is lost. An excellent option would be a big gown of lightweight material in the background color of the area, with a hood and wide sleeves. On the territory of the sniper with equipment must appear to be one big shapeless spot merging with the terrain, arms and equipment must be carefully masked. The movement of the desert should be carried out under cover of darkness or hidden paths selected.





SecretIntelligenceService.org

(C-I)

01/11/2015

Adversitate. Custodi. Per Verum